

## Supplementary File 1

```
#### Read in libraries
library(Seurat)
library(ggplot2)
library(viridis)
library(RColorBrewer)
library(tidyr)
library(dplyr)
library(celda)
library(scater)
library(cowplot)
library(DoubletFinder)

##set working directory
setwd()

##Load filtered data from cellranger for preliminary analysis
counts = Seurat::Read10X(data.dir = 'Filtered')

##Run quick qc and clustering
seurat <- CreateSeuratObject(counts = counts) ##create seurat object

#####Add metrics
seurat[["percent.mt"]] <- PercentageFeatureSet(seurat, pattern = "^\u00d7MT-") ##Add percentage of mito reads
RPS.genes <- grep(pattern = "^\u00d7RPS", x = rownames(x = seurat), value = TRUE) ##Extract ribosomal RPS genes
RPL.genes <- grep(pattern = "^\u00d7RPL", x = rownames(x = seurat), value = TRUE) ##Extract ribosomal RPL genes
ribo <- c(RPS.genes, RPL.genes) ##make vector of all ribosomal genes
seurat[["percent.ribo"]] <- PercentageFeatureSet(seurat, features = ribo) ##Add as percentage feature set
```

```

seurat@meta.data$Complexity <- log10(seurat@meta.data$nFeature_RNA) /
log10(seurat@meta.data$nCount_RNA) ##Add complexity

head(seurat@meta.data)

seurat

##Plot metrics
VInPlot(seurat, features = c("nFeature_RNA", "percent.mt", "percent.ribo","Complexity"), ncol = 4)

meta <- seurat@meta.data

meta %>% summarize(mean = mean(nFeature_RNA, na.rm = TRUE),
                      median = median(nFeature_RNA, na.rm = TRUE),
                      min = min(nFeature_RNA, na.rm = TRUE),
                      max = max(nFeature_RNA, na.rm = TRUE),
                      range = diff(range(nFeature_RNA, na.rm = TRUE)),
                      quantile = list(quantile(nFeature_RNA, probs = c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75), na.rm = TRUE))) %>%
unnest_wider(quantile)

meta <- seurat@meta.data

meta %>% summarize(mean = mean(nCount_RNA, na.rm = TRUE),
                      median = median(nCount_RNA, na.rm = TRUE),
                      min = min(nCount_RNA, na.rm = TRUE),
                      max = max(nCount_RNA, na.rm = TRUE),
                      range = diff(range(nCount_RNA, na.rm = TRUE)),
                      quantile = list(quantile(nCount_RNA, probs = c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75), na.rm = TRUE))) %>%
unnest_wider(quantile)

meta <- seurat@meta.data

meta %>% summarize(mean = mean(percent.mt, na.rm = TRUE),
                      median = median(percent.mt, na.rm = TRUE),

```

```

min = min(percent.mt, na.rm = TRUE),
max = max(percent.mt, na.rm = TRUE),
range = diff(range(percent.mt, na.rm = TRUE)),
quantile = list(quantile(percent.mt, probs = c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75), na.rm = TRUE))) %>%
unnest_wider(quantile)

meta <- seurat@meta.data

meta %>% summarize(mean = mean(percent.ribo, na.rm = TRUE),
median = median(percent.ribo, na.rm = TRUE),
min = min(percent.ribo, na.rm = TRUE),
max = max(percent.ribo, na.rm = TRUE),
range = diff(range(percent.ribo, na.rm = TRUE)),
quantile = list(quantile(percent.ribo, probs = c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75), na.rm = TRUE))) %>%
unnest_wider(quantile)

meta <- seurat@meta.data

meta %>% summarize(mean = mean(Complexity, na.rm = TRUE),
median = median(Complexity, na.rm = TRUE),
min = min(Complexity, na.rm = TRUE),
max = max(Complexity, na.rm = TRUE),
range = diff(range(Complexity, na.rm = TRUE)),
quantile = list(quantile(Complexity, probs = c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75), na.rm = TRUE))) %>%
unnest_wider(quantile)

####Filter data set, pick metrics you want to change and replot
seurat <- subset(seurat, subset = nFeature_RNA > 200 & nFeature_RNA < 10000 & percent.mt < 10 &
Complexity > 0.8)
VInPlot(seurat, features = c("nFeature_RNA", "percent.mt", "percent.ribo", 'Complexity'), ncol = 4)
seurat

```

```
#SCT transformation and initial clustering
```

```
seurat <- SCTransform(seurat, vst.flavor = "v2", verbose = FALSE, variable.features.n = 2000) ###use SCT to normalize the data, with 2000 variable features.
```

```
seurat <- RunPCA(seurat, verbose = FALSE) ##Run PCA
```

```
DimHeatmap(seurat, dims = 1:11, cells = 500, balanced = TRUE, fast = FALSE)##Look at PVA with heatmap
```

```
ElbowPlot(seurat) ##look at elbow plot to see how many features to use
```

```
seurat <- FindNeighbors(seurat, dims = 1:13)
```

```
seurat <- FindClusters(seurat, resolution = c(0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.3, 0.35))
```

```
seurat <- RunUMAP(seurat, dims = 1:13)
```

```
seurat@meta.data
```

```
DimPlot(seurat, reduction = "umap", group.by = 'SCT_snn_res.0.15')
```

```
#DOUBLETFINDER
```

```
##detect doublets
```

```
# define the expected number of doublet cells.
```

```
nExp <- round(ncol(seurat) * 0.048) # expect 4.8% doublets (https://kb.10xgenomics.com/hc/en-us/articles/360001378811-What-is-the-maximum-number-of-cells-that-can-be-profiled-)
```

```
seurat <- doubletFinder(seurat, PCs = 1:13, pN = 0.25, pK = 0.1, nExp = nExp, reuse.pANN = FALSE, sct = TRUE)
```

```
DF.name = colnames(seurat@meta.data)[grep("DF.classification", colnames(seurat@meta.data))]
```

```
DimPlot(seurat, group.by = DF.name)
```

```
VInPlot(seurat, features = "nFeature_RNA", group.by = DF.name, pt.size = 0.1)
```

```
head(seurat)
```

```
####Count how many singlets and how many doublets
```

```
plyr::count(seurat@meta.data$DF.classifications_0.25_0.1_216)
```

```

##Keep only singlet
seurat = seurat[, seurat@meta.data[, DF.name] == "Singlet"]
dim(seurat)

# Re-cluster after doublet removal
##Run SCT transformation and identify clusters

seurat <- SCTTransform(seurat, vst.flavor = "v2", verbose = FALSE, variable.features.n = 2000) ###use SCT to
normalize the data, with 2000 variable features.

seurat <- RunPCA(seurat, verbose = FALSE) ##Run PCA

DimHeatmap(seurat, dims = 1:11, cells = 500, balanced = TRUE, fast = FALSE) ##Look at PVA with heatmap
ElbowPlot(seurat) ##look at elbow plot to see how many features to use

seurat <- FindNeighbors(seurat, dims = 1:13)
seurat <- FindClusters(seurat, resolution = c(0.02, 0.04, 0.06, 0.08, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.3, 0.35))
seurat<- RunUMAP(seurat, dims = 1:13)

seurat@meta.data

DimPlot(seurat, reduction = "umap", group.by = 'SCT_snn_res.0.15')

IMAT_JOVE<-c('DCN',
              'PDGFRA',
              'CD38','ATXN1', 'ZNF423',
              'PLIN1', 'ADIPOQ','LEP', 'SAA1',
              'PTPRC',
              'MRC1',
              'PECAM1','VWF',
              'PDGFRB', 'ACTA2',
              'MYH7B', 'LGR5',
              'MYLPF', 'MYH7'
)

```

```
)
```

```
# DotPlot
```

```
DefaultAssay(object = seurat) <- 'RNA'  
seurat <- NormalizeData(seurat)  
all.genes <- rownames(seurat)  
seurat <- ScaleData(seurat, features = all.genes)  
  
DotPlot(seurat, features = IMAT_JOVE, scale.min = 0, group.by = 'SCT_snn_res.0.15') + coord_flip() +  
scale_colour_gradientn(colours = rev(brewer.pal(n =11, name = 'PiYG')))
```

```
#Plot UMAP and DotPlot together
```

```
P1 <- DotPlot(seurat, features = IMAT_JOVE,  
scale.min = 0,  
group.by = "SCT_snn_res.0.15"  
) +  
theme(axis.text.y.left = element_text(size=7), axis.title.y = element_blank())+  
coord_flip() +  
scale_colour_gradientn(colours = rev(brewer.pal(n =11, name = 'PRGn')))
```

```
P2 <- DimPlot(seurat, reduction = "umap", label = TRUE, group.by = "SCT_snn_res.0.15")
```

```
P2 + P1
```

```
##Identify what the different cell types are, this isn't necessary but is good practice to help  
#you make sure you can identify the cells types before running ambient RNA control  
seurat@meta.data <- seurat@meta.data %>% mutate(CellType = case_when(
```

```
SCT_snn_res.0.15 == "0" ~ "Pericyte/smooth muscle",
SCT_snn_res.0.15 == "1" ~ "Endothelial",
SCT_snn_res.0.15 == "2" ~ "Preadipocyte",
SCT_snn_res.0.15 == "3" ~ "Myonuclei",
SCT_snn_res.0.15 == "4" ~ "Stem/FAP",
SCT_snn_res.0.15 == "5" ~ "Muscle progenitor",
SCT_snn_res.0.15 == "6" ~ "Adipocyte_1",
SCT_snn_res.0.15 == "7" ~ "Immune",
SCT_snn_res.0.15 == "8" ~ "Adipocyte_2"
```

```
))
```

## #AMBIENT RNA ADJUSTMENT

```
# Create a SingleCellExperiment object and run decontX
raw <- Seurat::Read10X(data.dir = 'Raw')
dim(raw)

sce <- as.SingleCellExperiment(seurat)
sce1 <- SingleCellExperiment(list(counts = raw))

##Add celltypes from seurat to sce
colData(sce)$CellType <- seurat@meta.data$SCT_snn_res.0.15

##run decontx with the background droplets.
sce <- decontX(sce, z = colData(sce)$CellType, background = sce1)
colData(sce)$decontX_contamination

df <- as.data.frame(colData(sce))
```

```

ggplot(df, aes(x=decontX_contamination)) + geom_histogram(bins = 50, colour = 'black', fill = 'white')

####Convert SCE back to seurat if not using adjusted counts
seurat <- as.Seurat(sce)

VInPlot(seurat, features = c("nFeature_RNA", "percent.mt", 'Complexity', 'decontX_contamination'), ncol =
4)

##Create a seurat object with the decontx counts and re run clustering and QC
seurat_d <- CreateSeuratObject(round(decontXcounts(sce)))

seurat_d[["percent.mt"]] <- PercentageFeatureSet(seurat_d, pattern = "^MT-")
RPS.genes <- grep(pattern = "^RPS", x = rownames(x = seurat_d), value = TRUE) ##Extract ribosomal RPS
genes
RPL.genes <- grep(pattern = "^RPL", x = rownames(x = seurat_d), value = TRUE) ##Extract ribosomal RPL
genes
ribo <- c(RPS.genes, RPL.genes) ##make vector of all ribosomal genes
seurat_d[["percent.ribo"]] <- PercentageFeatureSet(seurat_d, features = ribo) ##Add as percentage feature
set

seurat_d@meta.data$Complexity <- log10(seurat_d@meta.data$nFeature_RNA) /
log10(seurat_d@meta.data$nCount_RNA) ##Add complexity
head(seurat_d@meta.data)

##Plot metrics
VInPlot(seurat_d, features = c("nFeature_RNA", "percent.mt", 'Complexity'), ncol = 3)
meta <- seurat_d@meta.data
meta %>% summarize(mean = mean(nFeature_RNA, na.rm = TRUE),
median = median(nFeature_RNA, na.rm = TRUE),
min = min(nFeature_RNA, na.rm = TRUE),
max = max(nFeature_RNA, na.rm = TRUE),

```

```
range = diff(range(nFeature_RNA, na.rm = TRUE)),
quantile = list(quantile(nFeature_RNA, probs = c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75), na.rm = TRUE))) %>%
unnest_wider(quantile)

meta <- seurat_d@meta.data

meta %>% summarize(mean = mean(nCount_RNA, na.rm = TRUE),
median = median(nCount_RNA, na.rm = TRUE),
min = min(nCount_RNA, na.rm = TRUE),
max = max(nCount_RNA, na.rm = TRUE),
range = diff(range(nCount_RNA, na.rm = TRUE)),
quantile = list(quantile(nCount_RNA, probs = c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75), na.rm = TRUE))) %>%
unnest_wider(quantile)

meta <- seurat_d@meta.data

meta %>% summarize(mean = mean(percent.mt, na.rm = TRUE),
median = median(percent.mt, na.rm = TRUE),
min = min(percent.mt, na.rm = TRUE),
max = max(percent.mt, na.rm = TRUE),
range = diff(range(percent.mt, na.rm = TRUE)),
quantile = list(quantile(percent.mt, probs = c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75), na.rm = TRUE))) %>%
unnest_wider(quantile)

meta <- seurat_d@meta.data

meta %>% summarize(mean = mean(percent.ribo, na.rm = TRUE),
median = median(percent.ribo, na.rm = TRUE),
min = min(percent.ribo, na.rm = TRUE),
max = max(percent.ribo, na.rm = TRUE),
range = diff(range(percent.ribo, na.rm = TRUE)),
quantile = list(quantile(percent.ribo, probs = c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75), na.rm = TRUE))) %>%
unnest_wider(quantile)
```

```
meta <- seurat_d@meta.data

meta %>% summarize(mean = mean(Complexity, na.rm = TRUE),
                      median = median(Complexity, na.rm = TRUE),
                      min = min(Complexity, na.rm = TRUE),
                      max = max(Complexity, na.rm = TRUE),
                      range = diff(range(Complexity, na.rm = TRUE)),
                      quantile = list(quantile(Complexity, probs = c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75), na.rm = TRUE))) %>%
unnest_wider(quantile)
```

seurat\_d

```
# Remove nuclei with less than 100 genes expressed
seurat_d <- subset(seurat_d, subset = nFeature_RNA > 100)
```

seurat\_d

```
#####Remove mitochondrial, hemoglobin and MALAT1/NEAT1 genes #####optional
remove_genes <- function(seurat){
  seurat <- seurat[!grepl("^MT-", rownames(seurat)), ] #filter mitochondrial genes
  seurat <- seurat[!grepl("^HB[^P]", rownames(seurat)), ]
  seurat <- seurat[!grepl("MALAT1", rownames(seurat)), ]
  seurat <- seurat[!grepl("NEAT1", rownames(seurat)), ]
  return(seurat)
}
```

```
seurat_d <- remove_genes(seurat_d)
```

```
seurat_d <- SCTransform(seurat_d, vst.flavor = "v2", verbose = FALSE, variable.features.n = 2000)
seurat_d <- RunPCA(seurat_d, verbose = FALSE)
```

```

DimHeatmap(seurat_d, dims = 1:15, cells = 500, balanced = TRUE, fast = FALSE)

ElbowPlot(seurat_d)

seurat_d <- FindNeighbors(seurat_d, dims = 1:13)

seurat_d <- FindClusters(seurat_d, resolution = c(0.04, 0.06, 0.08, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25))

seurat_d <- RunUMAP(seurat_d, dims = 1:13)

DimPlot(seurat_d, reduction = "umap", group.by = 'SCT_snn_res.0.04')

DefaultAssay(object = seurat_d) <- 'RNA'

seurat_d <- NormalizeData(seurat_d)

all.genes <- rownames(seurat_d)

seurat_d <- ScaleData(seurat_d, features = all.genes)

DotPlot(seurat_d, features = IMAT, scale.min = 0, group.by = 'SCT_snn_res.0.04') + coord_flip() +
  scale_colour_gradientn(colours = rev(brewer.pal(n =11, name = 'PiYG')))

#Plot UMAP and DotPlot together

P1 <- DotPlot(seurat_d, features = IMAT_JOVE,
  scale.min = 0,
  group.by = "SCT_snn_res.0.04"
) +
  theme(axis.text.y.left = element_text(size=7), axis.title.y = element_blank())+
  coord_flip() +
  scale_colour_gradientn(colours = rev(brewer.pal(n =11, name = 'PRGn')))

P2 <- DimPlot(seurat_d, reduction = "umap", label = TRUE, group.by = "SCT_snn_res.0.04")

```

P2 + P1

##Identify what the different cell types are

```
seurat_d@meta.data <- seurat_d@meta.data %>% mutate(CellType = case_when(  
  SCT_snn_res.04 == "0" ~ "Endothelial",  
  SCT_snn_res.04 == "1" ~ "Pericyte/smooth muscle",  
  SCT_snn_res.04 == "2" ~ "Preadipocyte",  
  SCT_snn_res.04 == "3" ~ "Myonuclei",  
  SCT_snn_res.04 == "4" ~ "Stem/FAP",  
  SCT_snn_res.04 == "5" ~ "Muscle progenitor",  
  SCT_snn_res.04 == "6" ~ "Adipocyte_1",  
  SCT_snn_res.04 == "7" ~ "Immune",  
  SCT_snn_res.04 == "8" ~ "Adipocyte_2"  
)
```

# reorder clusters

```
seurat_d@meta.data$CellType <- factor(seurat_d@meta.data$CellType,  
  levels=c("Stem/FAP",  
    "Preadipocyte",  
    "Adipocyte_1",  
    "Adipocyte_2",  
    "Immune",  
    "Endothelial",  
    "Pericyte/smooth muscle",  
    "Muscle progenitor",  
    "Myonuclei"))
```

P1<- DotPlot(seurat\_d, features = IMAT\_JOVE, scale.min = 0, group.by = 'CellType') + coord\_flip() +

```
theme(text=element_text(size=10),  
      axis.text.x = element_text(colour="black", size=11, angle = 45, hjust=1))+  
      scale_colour_gradientn(colours = rev(brewer.pal(n =11, name = 'PiYG')))+  
      theme(axis.text.y.left = element_text(size=10), axis.title.y = element_blank())+  
      coord_flip() +  
      scale_colour_gradientn(colours = rev(brewer.pal(n =11, name = 'PRGn')))  
  
P2<-DimPlot(seurat_d, reduction = "umap", label = TRUE, label.size = 4, repel = TRUE,group.by =  
"CellType")+ NoLegend()
```

P2 + P1